Triumvirate Environmental's Quick & Easy Guide to Mold Remediation



MOLD REMEDIATION

Table of Contents

- Why Remediate?
- Remediation Equipment Checklist
- Safety Precautions: Dos and Don'ts
- Mold Remediation: Step by Step



Why Remediate?

MOLD REMEDIATION

The answer to this question may seem self evident. It's mold. But when the remediation process becomes more complex, ignoring the mold might seem like the simplest solution.

Here are some benefits to remediating mold at your facility:

- Minimize employee exposure to harmful mold structures and spores
- Reduce liability associated with mold exposure
- Improve the integrity and appearance of your building
- Prevent future mold infestations



Remediation Equipment Checklist

PPE Checklist

- Fully sealed goggles and a respirator for any times you'll be in direct contact with mold
- For an area less than 10 square feet:
 - Paper Coveralls and disposable gloves, taped closed at the extremities
- For an area larger than 10 square feet:
 - Tyvek suit, gloves, and overshoes
 - HEPA Vacuum
 - Wet vacuum
 - Large fan
 - Box cutter/utility knife
 - Mop and bucket
 - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
 - Trash bags and duct tape
 - Sponges/steel wool/sterile wipes
 - Fungicidal detergent and paint
 - Containment/drop cloth





MOLD REMEDIATION

Safety Precautions:

Dos and Don'ts

DO:

- Keep employees out of the affected area
- Dry any damp materials

DON'T:

- Move furniture, rip up carpeting, tear down wallpaper until mold remediation can begin in full
- Randomly slosh bleach in the affected areas
- Expect to get rid of mold fully on your own



Mold Remediation:

Step-by-Step

The Steps:

- 1) Contain the Mold
- 2) Dry the Area
- 3) Make Plumbing Fixes
- 4) Determine the Extent of the Mold
- 5) Remediate
- 6) Call in the Experts
- 7) Post-Remediation Monitoring

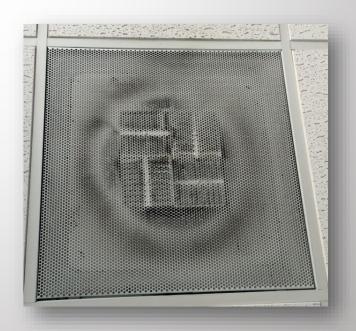


Step One: Contain the Mold

Once you have determined that you have mold, every effort should be made to minimize your employee's exposure to the mold.

This includes:

- Moving employees to a mold-free part of the building
- Sealing off the area using plastic and tape
- Shutting off air flow from the affected area





Step Two: Make Plumbing Fixes

It's important to stop the thing that's causing the mold.

Often times this means making fixes to plumbing in the area.

- This step may include a call to your plumber, but sometimes the fix will be as simple as tightening a nut or taping a pipe
- Some mold is caused by dampness unrelated to plumbing. Check cold rooms, windows, the roof, and material in contact with soil.





Step Three: Dry the Area

Remediation cannot begin until the moisture issue has been resolved.

Make sure to:

- Dry carpeting, curtains, and textiles
- Use a wet vacuum on soaked materials like concrete
- Moisture can lurk
 between flat surfaces
 and in walls, so be sure
 to check these areas
 carefully



Evidence of hidden trapped moisture



Step Four: Quantifying Mold

This step is fairly straightforward and should be performed to assess whether you can perform a remediation on your own or if you should bring in a professional.

If you have less than 10 square feet of mold infestation, then you can likely remediate to a fair extent on your own. It is important to note that a mold problem is more than meets the eye. A trained professional will be able to determine the full extent of your mold problem, and therefore how to treat it effectively.

If your mold infestation spans more than 10 square feet or has expanded deep into a wall, floor, ceiling, or HVAC system, then the area should undoubtedly undergo professional remediation.



Step Five: Remediate

Once your employees are safe, the area is dry, and source is fixed, you can start to dissect your mold problem.

- To begin, remove any items or materials that are overgrown with mold. Focus on materials like wood, cloth, paint, and carpeting, as these are particularly hard to clear of mold
- Use a HEPA vacuum on solid surfaces in mold-affected areas
- Materials that need to be removed should be disposed of in sealed plastic trash bags
- For less overgrown areas on solid substrates (tile, linoleum, metal), a thorough scrub with some fungicidal detergent and steel wool or a sponge will do the trick

NOTE: Amateur remediation is not recommended for mold covering more than 10 square feet.



Step Five: Remediate (cont.)

- HVAC systems should be exclusively dealt with professionally, as these systems can spread mold far quicker and broader
- Replace all damaged building materials with dry, new materials
- Purchasing a fungicidal paint or additive is highly recommended when repainting





Step Six: Call in the Experts

Expert remediation is strongly recommended by OSHA for mold infested areas larger than 10 square feet.

A mold remediation specialist will be able to take accurate samples to better understand the Extent of the mold problem.

From here, the samples will indicate the kinds of mold present in your building, and your remediation team can **formulate a plan** based on the specific molds identified.

This plan will likely include a thorough inspection of air flow, moisture management, and other such factors.



The Professional Remediation Process

Your mold remediation expert team will conduct a thorough investigation of the source of the mold as well as contain the mold, replace problematic building materials, and take measures to prevent the return of mold.

Suggestions will be made as to how to prevent future mold flare-ups.





Step Seven: Post-Remediation

Monitoring

After your mold problem has been taken care of, tests will have to be done to assure the effectiveness of remediation procedures.

This will likely include subsequent brief visits to your building for testing that shouldn't take more than two hours and is minimally invasive.

From here, there are two options:

- 1. Your property will be cleared of all harmful mold
- 2. Subsequent remediation will be necessary either in the same area or in a different part of the building



Congratulations, you're mold free!

The battle against mold is always ongoing, but professional remediation gives you a huge advantage. Just as long as you don't allow mold to gain a foothold in your building, these nasty fungi will stay out of your building – and your lungs - for the long run. A mold-free work environment is the only way to have a happy, healthy staff that can get the job done well and on time.



Do you suspect you have mold?

